

# BLUE DART AVIATION LIMITED

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Tushar K. Jani	Chairman
Tulsi Nowlakha Mirchandaney	Managing Director
Clyde C. Cooper	Director
Air Marshal M. McMahon (Retd.)	Director
Air Marshal VA Patkar (Retd.)	Director
Sharad P. Upasani	Director
Surendra G. Sheth	Alternate Director to Mr. Clyde C. Cooper

## KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

P. Parameshwaran	Chief Financial Officer
N. Palaniappan	Company Secretary & General Manager - Finance

## BANKERS

Axis Bank Ltd.  
Federal Bank Ltd.  
Yes Bank Ltd.

## AUDITORS

S.R.Batliboi & Associates LLP

## REGISTERED OFFICE

Blue Dart Centre,  
Sahar Airport Road,  
Andheri (E), Mumbai – 400 099  
CIN: U35303MH1994PLC078691

## HEAD OFFICE

Blue Dart Aviation Terminal,  
Gate No.6, Old International Airport,  
Meenambakkam, Chennai – 600 027

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### To the Members

Your Directors have a great pleasure in presenting the Twenty Fifth Annual Report of your Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2019.

### FINANCIAL RESULTS

	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
(₹ in Lakhs)		
<b>Revenues:</b>		
Revenue from Operations	75,209	66,575
Other Income	602	558
Less: Operating Expenses	(64,026)	(57,442)
Operating Profit (EBIDTA)	11,785	9,691
Less: Interest cost (Net)	3,230	2,236
Depreciation / Amortisation	7,985	6,940
Earnings before tax	570	515
Less: Provision for Income tax	355	259
Earnings after tax	215	256
Other Comprehensive Income	24	19
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	239	275

During the year under review, your Company has recorded a profit before tax of ₹ 570 lakhs as compared to profit before tax of ₹ 515 lakhs for the 12 months which ended on March 31, 2018.

### REVIEW OF INDIAN ECONOMY AND AVIATION INDUSTRY

India has emerged as the fastest growing major economy in the world and is expected to be one of the top three economic powers of the world over the next 10-15 years, backed by its strong democracy and partnerships. India has retained its position as the third largest startup base in the world with over 4,750 technology start-ups.

Due to various initiatives by the Government, India has recorded a jump of 23 positions against its rank of 100 in 2017 to be placed now at 77th rank among 190 countries assessed by the World Bank. India's leap of 23 ranks in the Ease of Doing Business ranking is significant considering that last year India had improved its rank by 30 places, a rare feat for any large and diverse country of the size of India. India has improved its rank in 6 out of 10 indicators and has moved closer to international best practices (Distance to Frontier score) on 7 out of the 10 indicators.

The Aviation Industry has posted a moderate growth during the year. Compared to previous year, passenger Traffic for the FY 2018-19 rose by 11.6%, wherein the international traffic increased by 6.1%

and domestic by 13.1%. 344.70 Million Passenger travelled by air compared to 308.75 Million during the previous year. There has been an increase of 6% in cargo traffic, wherein international cargo increased by 2.6% and domestic by 12.1% compared to the previous year. Total cargo uplifted by air during the year was 3.5 Million tonnes compared to 3.3 Million tonnes during the previous year.

The Aviation Industry has been adversely impacted by high cost and low yields. The most visible outcome was the temporary suspension of operations by Jet Airways once India's largest passenger airline and for many years the second largest. Persistent technical issues have plagued two of the most popular passenger aircraft models flown by Indian carriers.. Together, these factors have now plunged India's aviation industry to its most precarious phase in the last five years.

Jet fuel prices constitute about 40% of costs for an Indian carrier and are taxed higher in India while compared to global standards. In addition to ATF other operational costs such as aeronautical charges, infrastructural charges, maintenance costs etc. are also increasing steadily. Indian carriers, plagued by long-standing issues and new problems, are looking at difficult times. Losses are estimated to grow and debt will continue to pile up. Industry is looking at the Government to include ATF into GST and provide other necessary impetus to help surmount these difficult times.

### REVIEW OF PERFORMANCE

Your Company is the only scheduled domestic cargo airline operating in the Indian skies, with a fleet of six Boeing 757-200 freighters.

Your Company has posted an On Time Performance of 81.15.% and a Technical Dispatch Reliability of 99.27 % with an average fleet life of 23.5 years and despite severe infrastructural constraints, ATC congestion and Runway closures.. Your Company has handled 52 charters during the year and has uplifted 88,132 tonnes on its network during the period of 12 months which ended on March 31, 2019. This was made possible with additional operations of 84 flights and 356 hours supplementing the scheduled night operations.

Your Company has an ACMI Contract with parent company, Blue Dart Express Limited, for providing dedicated air carriage capacity, which has ensured strong support in sustaining Blue Dart's leadership position through its unique aviation network.

During the year, your Company has expanded its footprint across the airports of Chennai, Delhi and Mumbai, relocating to new, state of the art, dedicated facilities constructed at these airports. These long-term, purpose-built facilities are unique to Blue Dart's operations and help to establish much needed, critical infrastructure to secure its operations and ensure sustainability over the long term to meet growing demand, productivity and service quality enhancement. Further, your Company has also negotiated a new deal and signed a sub-lease agreement with Bangalore International Airport Limited (BIAL) for 10 years, which will reduce the cost of rentals at the BIAL facility over the lease period.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

During the year, your company has carried out four major checks and completed three Engine shop visits (ESV). ESV costs were controlled by procuring life limited parts (LLPs) and other components from open market. A few hundred LLPs were shortlisted for procurement from hundreds of parts identified by the purchase team, and reviewed by technical services, which has helped to control ESV cost.

Your Company's close engagement with the DHL group has resulted in the allocation of one 757SF aircraft for harvesting of spares for the Company at no procurement cost, which would help enhance Company's inventory status. With DHL's support, your Company has been included in the Tier 1 customer status by Boeing, which would favourably assist cost and speed of response from Boeing for your Company's requirement.

Your Company has always believed in embracing technology. A major project to transition to the Electronic Flight Bag (EFB) was undertaken during this year. The successful implementation of the project would make your Company's cockpits paperless, thereby reducing weight on the aircraft and hence fuel consumption, improving efficiency and situational awareness of the crews, saving on printing costs and adding to your Company's 'Go Green' effort by reducing carbon footprint. Your Company has received interim approval from DGCA for the said project and the project is in an advanced stage of implementation.

During the year, your Company has faced various challenges of regulation and unanticipated changes in the operating environment, including the relocation to new facilities in four major operating stations. While keeping pace with swift changes in regulation, the quantum of change during the year was phenomenal, and all affected regulations like CAR M, CAR 145, CAR 147 and CAR 66 were amended substantially by the DGCA, with tough timelines for operator compliance. Your Company has responded resourcefully to the said challenges and ensured 100% compliance with efficient implementation.

The 'As One' Project which was initiated during the last quarter of 2017 at Hyderabad station was extended to the Kolkatta and Bangalore stations. Under the said project, the city side and air side operations of both your company and Blue Dart Express Limited were integrated under a single authority and worked in tandem as a single force 'As One'. As a result, duplications are eliminated and load acceptance and delivery processes are streamlined through teamwork. The result is passed on to the customer through faster and earlier deliveries. Your Company shall be extending the 'As One' integration to the rest of the stations soon.

### DIRECTORS/ KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

As on March 31, 2019, Your Company's Board has a strength of 7 (Seven) Directors including 1(one) Woman Director, 1 (one) Alternate Director and 2 (two) Independent Directors.

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted and the present structure is as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of the Directors	Designation
1.	Mr. Tushar K. Jani	Chairman
2.	Ms.Tulsi Nowlakha Mirchandaney	Managing Director
3.	Mr. Clyde C. Cooper	Director
4.	Air Marshal M.McMahon (Retd.)	Director
5.	Air Marshal Vijay Achyut Patkar (Retd.)	Director
6.	Mr. Sharad Upasani	Director
7.	Mr. Surendra Sheth	Alternate Director to Mr. Clyde Christopher Cooper

Mr. Lars Winkelbauer (DIN 07021941) has resigned from the position of Non-Executive Director of your Company with effect from August 31, 2018.

Your company has successfully filled the Form DIR-3 KYC for all Directors before the due date given by the MCA and your Company has successfully filed Form INC-22 (Active) before the due date.

Mr. Surendra Sheth (DIN 89981) was appointed as an Alternate Director to Mr. Clyde C Cooper (DIN 382001) on October 14, 2017 and he vacated office on October 08, 2018 when original Director, Mr. Clyde C Cooper, returned to India.

Mr. Clyde C. Cooper, Director, has requested the Board of Directors to re-appoint Mr. Surendra Sheth (DIN: 89981) as his alternate during his absence from India, and Mr. Surendra Sheth was again re-appointed as Alternate Director to Mr. Clyde C Cooper on October 16, 2018.

During the year under review, in terms of the requirements under the Companies Act, 2013, all Independent Directors have given declarations under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

During the year, your Company has appointed M/s. Link Intime India Private Limited, Mumbai as Registrars and Transfer Agents (RTA) for the Depository Scheme/ Dematerialisation of Shares etc.

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Tushar K. Jani (DIN:192621), Director, retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment

The Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs) in the Company as per Section 2(51) and Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of the Directors	Designation
1.	Ms.Tulsi Nowlakha Mirchandaney	Managing Director
2.	Mr. P. Parameshwaran	Chief Financial Officer
3.	Mr. N. Palaniappan	Company Secretary

During the year, there was no change (appointment or cessation) in the office of any KMP.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### Number of Meetings of the Board

During the year, the Board of Directors of your Company has met 4 times. The Maximum interval between any two meetings did not exceed 120 days.

Details of Board Meeting as follows:

Sr. No.	Date of Meeting
1.	08.05.2018
2.	30.07.2018
3.	09.10.2018
4.	30.01.2019

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee comprises of three Non-Executive Directors viz; Air Marshal M McMahon (Retd.) as Chairman of the Committee, with Mr. Tushar K. Jani and Air Marshal Vijay Achyut Patkar (Retd.) as members of the Committee.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in accordance with the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Ms. Tulsi Nowlakha Mirchandaney, Managing Director, Mr. Clyde C. Cooper, Director, Mr. Sharad Upasani, Director, Mr. P. Parameshwaran, Chief Financial Officer are the permanent invitees to the Audit Committee Meetings. Mr. N. Palaniappan, Company Secretary & General Manager – Finance, act as Secretary to the Committee.

### INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

Your Company has a sound internal control system to ensure that all assets are protected against loss from any unauthorised use. All transactions are recorded and reported correctly. The Company's internal control system is further supplemented by the internal audits carried out by an outsourced audit firm viz; M/s. KPMG. The internal control system is well established with robust internal audit processes, both at the business and corporate level, and continuously monitor the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control environment across the Company and status of compliance with operating systems, internal policies and regulatory requirements. The Audit Committee of the Board addresses significant issues raised by both the Internal Auditors and Statutory Auditors.

### WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY AND VIGIL MECHANISM

In terms of provisions of Section 177(9)/(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Company has formalized the process and institutionalized a Whistle Blower Policy in the Organisation.

The Company engaged the services of M/s. KPMG Advisory Services Pvt. Ltd., renowned consultancy firm, which has established the Blue Dart Ethics Hotline. In terms of the Policy, all suspected violations and reportable matters must be reported to the Ethics Committee via the Blue Dart Ethics Hotline. The Ethics Committee comprises of Mr. Prem K. Thomas, Chief Human Resource Manager, Mr. N. Palaniappan, Company Secretary & General Manager – Finance and

Mr. N. Krishnamoorthy, Chief Quality Manager. The Policy is applicable to all Directors, employees, officers, customers, vendors and/or third party intermediaries such as agents and consultants whether appointed on permanent, temporary, full time, part-time, contractual, probation or on retainer basis and engaged to conduct business on behalf of the Company concerned about unacceptable, unethical or illegal activities which affect the workplace. The Policy provides for direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee in appropriate or exceptional cases. None of the Whistle Blowers was denied access to the Audit Committee of the Board.

The contact details for Blue Dart Ethics Hotline numbers are as follows:

Sr. No.	Reporting Channel	Contact Information	Availability
1.	Phone (Toll Free)	1800 200 1072	7 AM to 11 PM on weekdays
2.	Email	bluedart@ethicshelpline.in	24 hours a day
3.	Fax	Dial Toll Free number - 1800 200 1072 and select option 2 on IVR	24 hours a day
4.	Post	PO Box No. 71, DLF Phase 1, Qutub Enclave, Gurgaon – 122002	24 hours a day
5.	Web	www.in.kpmg.com/ethicshelpline	24 hours a day

The Company has posted "Whistle Blower Policy" on its website viz <https://bluedartaviation.com>

The web link of the Whistle Blower Policy is <https://bluedartaviation.com/aviation.htm>

### SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE

The Company values dignity of individuals and strives to provide a safe and respectable work environment for all its employees. The Company is committed to providing an environment which is free of discrimination, intimidation and abuse. Pursuant to requirements of 'Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prohibition, Prevention and Redressal) Act, 2013' and rules made thereunder, the Company has a Policy for Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women in the Company. There was no complaint received from any employee during the financial year 2018-19 and hence no complaint is outstanding as on March 31, 2019 for redressal.

### COST AUDIT

During the year under review, provisions of cost audit as stated under Section 148 of the Act and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 were not applicable to the Company.

### NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, your Company has a Nomination and Remuneration Committee, with Air Marshal M McMahon (Retd.) as Chairman of the Committee, and

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

Mr. Tushar K. Jani, Mr. Clyde C. Cooper and Air Marshal Vijay Achyut Patkar (Retd.) as members of the Committee.

Ms. Tulsi Nowlakhia Mirchandaney, Managing Director, is the permanent invitee to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meetings.

### **NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 178 of Companies Act, 2013, the Board has, on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, framed a policy on appointment of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company, and fixation of the remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees of the Company. The Nomination and Remuneration policy of your Company has listed down criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a Director and other matters provided under Section 178(3) of Companies Act, 2013.

### **CSR COMMITTEE**

In accordance with the statutory requirements, your Company has constituted the CSR Committee on July 30, 2018. The CSR Committee of the Company comprises of Air Marshal M. McMahon (Retd.), as Chairman of the Committee and Mr Tushar K Jani and Ms. Tulsi Nowlakhia Mirchandaney as members of the Committee. CSR Committee along with CSR Implementation/Management Committee is responsible for formulating and implementing CSR Policy of the Company.

Mr. N.Palaniappan, Company Secretary & General Manager-Finance act as Secretary to the Committee.

### **CSR INITIATIVES / CSR POLICY**

The Corporate Social Responsibility is an integral part of our strategy. We are committed to our responsibility towards the Society, Community and environment. We want to make a positive contribution to our world by using our knowledge and domestic / global presence in a way that benefits the planet and its people.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, the Company has formulated and posted the CSR Policy on website of the company viz; [www.bluedartaviation.com](http://www.bluedartaviation.com).

The Annual Report on CSR activities in accordance with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, undertaken by the Company during the year is annexed as 'Annexure A' to the Board's Report.

### **COMMENTS ON AUDITORS' REPORT/SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**

There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks or disclaimers made by M/s. S.R.Batlilboi & Associates LLP, Statutory Auditors, in their report, and by M/s. Mohan Kumar & Associates, Company Secretary in Practice, in his secretarial Audit Report.

The Statutory Auditors have not reported any incident of fraud to the Audit Committee of the Company in the year under review.

### **MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY**

There have been no material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the Financial Statements relate and the date of the report.

### **PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186**

The Company has not made any loans, Guarantees or Investments, which falls under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

All Related Party Transactions that were entered into during the Financial Year were at arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business. There are no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee and the Board for approval.

None of the Directors has any pecuniary relationships or transactions vis-à-vis the Company.

The particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties as required under Section 134(3)(h) in prescribed Form AOC 2 are annexed herewith as an 'Annexure B'.

### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134 (3) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors confirm that;

- i. In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- ii. They have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that year;
- iii. They have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv. They have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- v. They have laid down proper internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and ensure that the financial controls were adequate and were operating effectively; and

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

- vi. They have devised systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that they were adequate and operating effectively.

### SECRETARIAL AUDITOR AND SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company has appointed New Secretarial Auditor, Company Secretary in Practice to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2019.

The Report of the Secretarial Audit Report is annexed herewith as an 'Annexure C'.

The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

No fraud has been reported by the Auditors to the Audit Committee or the Board.

### REPORTING OF FRAUD BY AUDITORS

The Auditors of the company have not reported any fraud as specified under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

### DISCLOSURE ON CONFIRMATION WITH THE SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

Your Directors confirm that the Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India have been duly complied with.

### EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

The details forming part of the extract of the Annual Return in form MGT 9 as per Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 is annexed herewith as an 'Annexure D'.

Further, the extract to the Annual Return of the Company can also be accessed on the Company's website at [https://www.nseprimeir.com/pages\\_new/Reports.aspx?value=013MyQclQQPM600MSHCcMw==](https://www.nseprimeir.com/pages_new/Reports.aspx?value=013MyQclQQPM600MSHCcMw==)

### RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has in place a mechanism to inform the Board on risk assessment and mitigation procedures and periodic reviews are conducted in order to ensure that Management controls risks through a properly defined framework.

The Company has constituted an Internal Risk Management Committee comprising Ms. Tulsi Nowlakha Mirchandaney, Managing Director, Mr. P. Parameshwaran, Chief Financial Officer and Mr. N. Palaniappan, Company Secretary & General Manager – Finance as members to monitor the risks on a periodic basis.

### FIXED DEPOSITS

Your Company has not accepted any fixed deposits under the provisions of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013.

### AUDITORS

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), M/s. S. R. Batliboi & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration no. 101049W/E300004), were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of five (5) years to hold office from the conclusion of Twenty Third Annual General Meeting of the Company held on July 27, 2017 upto the conclusion of the -Twenty Eight Annual General Meeting, subject to ratification of their appointment at every subsequent Annual General Meeting.

MCA vide its notification dated May 07, 2018 has enforced section 40 of the Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 wherein the requirement for ratifying the appointment of the Auditors of a Company at every Annual General Meeting as per the provisions of section 139 (1) of the Act, 2013 has now been dispensed with.

Accordingly, in terms of the aforesaid amendments, your Company has not sought ratification of the appointment of the Statutory Auditors by the Shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Your Company has received necessary certificate from M/s. S. R. Batliboi & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants confirming that they satisfy the criteria provided under section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013 and are not disqualified from continuing as Statutory Auditors of the Company.

The Auditors' Report for 2018-19, does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remarks.

No fraud has been reported by the Auditors to the Audit Committee or the Board.

### HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

The Human Resource (HR) function has always been aligned with the business objectives and as per the people requirements for effective partnership.

During the year, your Company has inducted 119 employees from Blue Dart Express Limited (BDE) as part of the "As One" Project in Hyderabad, Kolkata and Bangalore Stations. The Primary Objective of the "As One" exercise is to create synergies through one team that will handle all activities from the ramp to the truck dock. This in turn has a lot of positive spin offs, especially in terms of time saved, greater appreciation of end to end activities and their importance to the process, and also multi-skilling of their personnel to optimize the resources and assets. In addition to this, your company also laid down training plans for new personnel inducted from BDE to understand the Company process.

Your Company was successful in implementing the Aderalin ERP, which is vital to effective functioning and control, and the employee self-service portal, employee life cycle and leave module is being

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

effectively used by the employees for day to day functioning. Your Company has conducted various employee engagement activities throughout the year which includes cricket matches, annual medical camps, knowledge sharing sessions and GVD.

### EMPLOYEES

People are the human capital of the organization and key to the successful implementation of plans and processes. Your Company continues to maintain its 'People' philosophy. Your Directors take this opportunity to thank each one of our people for their dedicated service and contributions that have resulted in successfully surmounting the challenges of another year. Your Company's consistent growth has been made possible by their hard work, solidarity, co-operation, commitment and support.

Information on the particulars of employees' remuneration as per Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 forms part of this Report. However, as per the provisions of Section 136 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013, the report and accounts are being sent to all shareholders of the Company, excluding the Statement of Particulars of Employees which is available for inspection at the registered office of the Company during working hours. Any shareholder interested in such particulars may inspect the same.

### PARTICULARS REGARDING CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND EXPENDITURE

The particulars regarding foreign exchange earnings and expenditure stipulated under section 134(3)(m) are annexed herewith as an 'Annexure E' and forms part of this Report. Since your Company does

not own any manufacturing facility, the other particulars relating to conservation of energy and technology absorption stipulated in the Companies (Disclosure of Particulars in the Report of the 'Board of Directors' Rules, 1988) are not applicable.

### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Board of Directors wishes to express its sincere appreciation and thanks to all customers, vendors, banks, financial institutions, solicitors, advisors, the Government of India, concerned State Governments and other authorities for their consistent support and co-operation in contributing to the Organization's success.

Your Directors appreciate the contribution made by the employees of the Company and acknowledge their hard work and dedication to ensure that the Company consistently performs to the highest standards of excellence.

### For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,

**Tushar K. Jani**

Chairman

DIN: 192621

**Tulsi Nowlakha Mirchandaney**

Managing Director

DIN: 01842520

**Air Marshal M. McMahan (Retd.)**

Director

DIN: 00234293

**Air Marshal VA Patkar (Retd.)**

Director

DIN: 07037116

**Sharad Upasani**

Director

DIN: 01739334

**Clyde C. Cooper**

Director

DIN: 00382001

Mumbai,  
May 16, 2019

## ANNEXURES TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

### 'ANNEXURE - A'

#### ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES

- 1. A brief outline of the company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programmes proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the web-link to the CSR policy and projects or programmes.**

The Corporate Social Responsibility is an integral part of our strategy. We are committed to our responsibility towards the Society, Community and environment. We endeavour to make a positive contribution to our world by using our knowledge and domestic / global presence in a way that benefits the planet and its people.

- 2. Web-Link to the CSR Policy - <https://bluedartaviation.com/csr.pdf>**

- 3. The Composition of the CSR Committee.**

The CSR Committee of the Board comprises of the following:

- Air Marshal M.McMahon (Retd.) Chairman of the Committee
- Mr. Tushar K. Jani, Member of the Committee
- Ms. Tulsi Nowlakha Mirchandaney, Member of the Committee.

- 4. Average net profit of the company for last three financial years -**

₹ 452 Lakhs

- 5. Prescribed CSR Expenditure (2% of the amount as in item 4 above) -**

₹ 9.04 Lakhs

- 6. Details of CSR spent during the financial year**

- a) Total amount to be spent for the financial year; - ₹ 9.04 Lakhs  
 b) Amount unspent , if any;  
 c) Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year is detailed below.

Sr. No.	CSR project or activity identified	Sector in which the Project Is covered	Projects or Programs (1) Local area or other (2) Specify the state and district where projects or programs was undertaken	Amount outlay (budget) project or programs wise	Amount spent on the projects or programs Sub – heads: (1) Direct expenditure on projects or programs (2) Overheads	Cumulative expenditure upto the reporting period	Amount spent: Direct or through implementing agency
1.	Adoption of Government School to improve amenities.	Promoting Education, Hygiene & Sanitation and Environment Sustainability	Chennai	₹ 9,04,000	₹ 9,04,000/-	₹ 9,04,000/-	Direct

- 7. In case the Company has failed to spend the two percent of the average net profit of the last three financial three years or any part thereof, the company shall provide the reasons for not spending the amount in its Board Report.**

Not Applicable

- 8. The CSR Committee confirms that the implementation and monitoring of CSR Policy is in compliance with CSR objectives and Policy of the company.**

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,**

**Tushar K. Jani**  
 Chairman  
 DIN: 192621

**Tulsi Nowlakha Mirchandaney**  
 Managing Director  
 DIN: 01842520

**Air Marshal M. McMahon (Retd.)**  
 Director  
 DIN: 00234293

Mumbai,  
 May 16, 2019

# ANNEXURES TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

## 'ANNEXURE - B'

### FORM NO. AOC - 2

[Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014] Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts / arrangements entered into by the Company with the related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms-length transactions under third proviso thereto.

#### I. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis

There were no contracts or arrangements or transactions entered into during the year ended March 31, 2019, which were not at arm's length basis.

#### II. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis

##### a. Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship

Mr. Tushar K Jani - Chairman and Director

DHL Express (India) Private Limited - Group Company.

European Air Transport Leipzig GMBH - Group Company.

##### b. Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions

1. Transshipment of General Cargo Agreement with Mumbai Cargo Service Center Airport Private Limited.
2. Cargo Handling agreement with Cargo Service Center India Private Limited
3. Cargo Movement Services Agreement with DHL Express (India) Private Limited.
4. Courier Services Agreement with DHL Express (India) Private Limited.
5. Agreement for Supply for Aircraft Parts with European Air Transport Leipzig GMBH

##### c. Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions

- |  |   |                           |
|--|---|---------------------------|
| 1. Mumbai Cargo Service Center Airport Private Limited | - | 01.04.2018 to 31.03.2019. |
| 2. Cargo Service Center India Private Limited          | - | 01.04.2018 to 31.03.2019. |
| 3. DHL Express (India) Private Limited (Mumbai)        | - | 01.08.2018 to 31.07.2019. |
| 4. DHL Express (India) Private Limited (Mumbai)        | - | 01.01.2019 to 31.12.2019. |
| 5. DHL Express (India) Private Limited                 | - | 01.01.2019 to 31.12.2019. |

##### d. Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any :

All contracts have been executed on Arm's length basis on competitive terms.

##### e. Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any :

- |   |   |                   |
|---|---|-------------------|
| Mumbai Cargo Service Center Airport Private Limited   | - | May 08, 2018.     |
| Cargo Service Center India Private Limited            | - | May 08, 2018.     |
| DHL Express (India) Private Limited (Courier Service) | - | July 30, 2018.    |
| DHL Express (India) Private Limited                   | - | October 09,2018   |
| DHL Express (India) Private Limited                   | - | January 30, 2019. |
| DHL Express (India) Private Limited                   | - | January 30, 2019. |
| European Air Transport Leipzig GMBH                   | - | January 30, 2019. |

##### f. Amount paid as advances, if any : NIL

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,

**Tushar K. Jani**  
Chairman  
DIN: 192621

**Tulsi Nowlaxha Mirchandaney**  
Managing Director  
DIN: 01842520

**Air Marshal M. McMahon (Retd.)**  
Director  
DIN: 00234293

**Air Marshal VA Patkar (Retd.)**  
Director  
DIN: 07037116

**Clyde C Cooper**  
Director  
DIN: 382001

**Sharad Upasani**  
Director  
DIN: 01739334

Mumbai,  
May 16, 2019

# ANNEXURES TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

'ANNEXURE - C'

FORM NO. MR - 3

## SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,  
**The Members,**  
**Blue Dart Aviation Limited**

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the Compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Blue Dart Aviation Limited** (hereinafter called "the Company") bearing Corporate Identification Number **U35303MH1994PLC078691**. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification, of Blue Dart Aviation Limited's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2019, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2019 according to the provisions of:

- 1) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- 2) The Aircraft (Public) Health Rules, 1954
- 3) The Aircraft Act, 1934
- 4) The Aircraft Rules, 1937
- 5) The Air (Prevention & control of pollution) Act 1981
- 6) The Carriage by Air Act, 1972
- 7) The Customs Act 1962
- 8) The Environment ( Protection ) Act, 1986
- 9) The Factories Act 1948
- 10) The Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999
- 11) The Indian Aircraft Rules, 1920
- 12) The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947
- 13) The Industrial Employment ( Standing Orders ) Act, 1946
- 14) The Legal Metrology Act, 2009
- 15) The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988
- 16) The Trade Mark Act, 1999
- 17) The Unlawful Acts against safety of Civil Aviation Act 1982
- 18) The Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act 1974

The Company has duly complied with the Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) during the audit period.

I further report that the applicable Financial laws, such as Direct and Indirect Tax Laws, have not been reviewed under my audit as the same falls under the review of statutory auditor and by other designated professionals.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned as above.

## ANNEXURES TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

### I Further Report That

- a) The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
- b) Adequate Notice is given to all Directors to Schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.
- c) Majority decision is carried through where there were no dissenting members.
- d) There are adequate system and process in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable Laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period, there were no instances of:

- (i) Public / Rights / Preferential issue of shares / debentures / sweat equity.
- (ii) Redemption / buy-back of securities.
- (iii) Foreign Technical Collaborations
- (iv) Merger / amalgamation / reconstruction etc.

Place : Chennai

Date : May 16, 2019

Signature:

**For Mohan Kumar & Associates**  
A. Mohan Kumar  
Practicing Company Secretary  
FCS No. 4347  
COP No: 19145

This Report is to be read with my testimony of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report.

## ANNEXURES TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

'Annexure A'

**To**  
**The Members,**  
**Blue Dart Aviation Limited**

My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.
2. I have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. I believe that the process and practices, I have followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Wherever required, I have obtained the Management representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The Compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place : Chennai

Date : May 16, 2019

Signature:

**For Mohan Kumar & Associates**  
A. Mohan Kumar  
Practicing Company Secretary  
FCS No. 4347  
COP No: 19145

# ANNEXURES TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

## 'ANNEXURE D'

### EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

#### FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

[Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, and Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

#### FORM NO. MGT – 9

#### I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

i. CIN	:	U35303MH1994PLC078691
ii. Registration Date	:	May 31, 1994
iii. Name of the Company	:	Blue Dart Aviation Limited
iv. Category / Sub-Category of the Company	:	Company having Share Capital
v. Address of the Registered office and contact details	:	Blue Dart Centre, Sahar Airport Road, Andheri (East) Mumbai - 400 099, India. Tel.No. +91 22 28396444  Head Office : Blue Dart Aviation Terminal, Gate No.6, Old International Airport, Meenambakkam, Chennai – 600 027, India Tel. No. +91 044 22568200
vi. Whether listed company Yes / No	:	No
vii. Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any	:	Link Intime India Private Limited C 101, First Floor, 247 Park, L.B.S Marg, Vikhroli West, Mumbai-400 083 Tel. No. +91 22 49186270 E mail : mt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in

#### II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE Company

Sr. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/ service	% to total turnover of the company
1	Express Air Charter Service	5120	99%
2	Business Support Service	8299	1%

#### III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

Sr. No.	Name and Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate	% of shares held	Applicable Section
1.	Blue Dart Express Limited Blue Dart Centre, Sahar Airport Road, Andheri (West), Mumbai - 400 099.	L61074MH1991PLC061074	Holding	100%	2(46)

## ANNEXURES TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

### IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

#### i. Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year (as on April 1, 2018 i.e. on the basis of Shareholding Pattern of March 31, 2018)				No. of Shares held at the end of the year (as on March 31, 2019 i.e. on the basis of Shareholding Pattern of March 31, 2019)				% change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/HUF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Central Govt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) State Govt (s)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) Bodies Corp.	0	24000000	24000000	100.00	0	24000000	24000000	100.00	0
e) Banks / FI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f) Any Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-Total (A)(1):	0	24000000	24000000	100.00	0	24000000	24000000	100.00	0
(2) Foreign									
a) NRIs - Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Other - Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Bodies Corporate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) Banks / FI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Any Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-Total (A)(2):	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Shareholding of Promoters (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)	0	24000000	24000000	100.00	0	24000000	24000000	100.00	0
B. Public Shareholding									
1) Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds / UTI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Banks / FI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Central Govt.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) State Govt.(s)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f) Insurance Companies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g) FIs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i) Others (specify)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-Total (B)(1):	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(2) Non-Institutions									
a) Bodies Corporate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i) Indian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## ANNEXURES TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

ii) Overseas	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Individuals									
i. Individual Shareholders holding nominal share capital upto ₹ 1 lakh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ii. Individual Shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of ₹ 1 lakh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Others (specify)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1. Clearing Member									
2. NRI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3. Foreign Portfolio Investor (Corporate)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4. OCB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Sub-Total (B)(2):</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs &amp; ADRs</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Grand Total (A+B+C)</b>	0	24000000	24000000	100	0	24000000	24000000	100	0.00

### ii) Shareholding of Promoters

Shareholder's Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year			Shareholding at the end of the year			% change in shareholding during the year
	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	
Blue Dart Express Limited	24000000	100	0	24000000	100	0	0

### (iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

Sr. No.		No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year (as on April 1, 2018 i.e. on the basis of Shareholding Pattern of March 31, 2018)		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company
1.	At the beginning of the year				
2.	Bought / Sold during the year				
3.	At the End of the year (31/03/2019)				
		No change during the year			

## ANNEXURES TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

### iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Sr. No.	For each of the Top 10 Shareholders	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Change in Shareholding (No. of Shares)		Shareholding at the end of the year	
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	Increase	Decrease	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company
1.	-	0	0	0	0	0	0

### (v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Sr. No.	For Each of the Directors and KMP	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company
		0	0	0	0

### (v) INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

₹ in Lakhs

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
<b>Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year</b>				
i) Principal Amount	0	27746	0	27746
ii) Interest due but not paid	0	0	0	0
iii) Interest accrued but not due	0	0	0	0
<b>Total (i+ii+iii)</b>	0	27746	0	27746
<b>Change in Indebtedness during the financial year</b>				
• Addition	0	21500	0	21500
• Reduction	0	(5653)	0	(5653)
<b>Net Change</b>	0	15847	0	15847
<b>Indebtedness at the end of the financial year</b>				
i) Principal Amount	0	43593	0	43593
ii) Interest due but not paid	0	0	0	0
iii) Interest accrued but not due	0	0	0	0
<b>Total (i+ii+iii)</b>	0	43593	0	43593

## ANNEXURES TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

### VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

#### A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

₹ in Lakhs

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager
		Tulsi Nowlakha Mirchandaney, Managing Director
1.	<b>Gross salary</b>	
	a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	251.83
	b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	0.29
	c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	-
2.	Stock Option	-
3.	Sweat Equity	-
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify...	-
Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager
5.	Others, please specify	-
	<b>Total (A)</b>	252.12
	Ceiling as per the Act	Refer note

Note : The remuneration payable to MD is as per the provisions of Companies Act, 2013.

#### B. Remuneration to other Directors:

₹ in Lakhs

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager		Total Amount
(1)	Independent Directors			
		Air Marshal Michael McMahon	Air Marshal VA Patkar	
	- Fee for attending board / committee meetings	3.9	3.3	7.2
	- Commission	-	-	-
	- Others, please specify	-	-	-
	<b>Total (B) (1)</b>	3.9	3.3	7.2
(2)	Non – Executive Directors			
		Tushar K Jani	Clyde C. Cooper	
	- Fee for attending board / committee meetings	3.0	0.3	3.3
	- Commission	-	-	-
	- Others, please specify	-	-	-
	<b>Total (B) (2)</b>	3.0	0.3	3.3

## ANNEXURES TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

(3)	Non – Executive Directors			
		Sharad Upasani	Surendra Sheth-Alternate Director	
	- Fee for attending board / committee meetings	1.2	1.2	2.4
	- Commission	-	-	-
	- Others, please specify	-	-	-
Total (B) (3)		1.2	1.2	2.4
Total (B) = (B) (1) + (B) (2) + (B) (3)				12.9

### C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD

₹ in Lakhs

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel		Total Amount
		Mr. P. Parameshwaran Chief Financial Officer	Mr. N. Palaniappan Company Secretary	
1.	Gross salary			
	a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	62.44	30.94	93.38
	b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	0.29	0.40	0.69
	c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	0.00	0.00	0.00
2.	Stock Option	0.00	0.00	0.00
3.	Sweat Equity	0.00	0.00	0.00
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify...	0.00	0.00	0.00
5.	Others, please specify	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Total (C)	62.73	31.34	94.07

### VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Type	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details)
<b>Company</b> Penalty Punishment Compounding			None		
<b>Directors</b> Penalty Punishment Compounding			None		
<b>Other officers in Default</b> Penalty Punishment Compounding			None		

## ANNEXURES TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

### 'ANNEXURE - E'

#### PARTICULARS REGARDING CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND EXPENDITURE

##### A) Earnings in Foreign Currency

Earnings in foreign currency during year ended March 31, 2019 was ₹ 127 Lakhs.

(March 31, 2018: ₹ 311 Lakhs)

##### B) Expenditure in Foreign Currency

Expenditure in foreign currency during year ended March 31, 2019 was ₹ 27,096 Lakhs.

(March 31, 2018: ₹ 21,858 Lakhs)

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

## TO THE MEMBERS OF BLUE DART AVIATION LIMITED

### Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of Blue Dart Aviation Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31, 2019, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2019, its profit including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

#### Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the standalone Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibility of Management and those charged with governance for the standalone Ind AS financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

## TO THE MEMBERS OF BLUE DART AVIATION LIMITED

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

### TO THE MEMBERS OF BLUE DART AVIATION LIMITED

- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2019 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2019 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these standalone Ind AS financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
- (g) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2019 has been provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP  
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004  
Chartered Accountants

per Govind Ahuja  
Partner  
Membership Number: 048966

Place: Mumbai  
Date: May 16, 2019

## ANNEXURE 1 TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph 1 under Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of our report of even date.

Re: Blue Dart Aviation Limited (the 'Company')

- i. (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.

there are no dues of income tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax and cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (b) Fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were identified on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given by the management there are no immovable properties, included in property, plant and equipment of the Company and accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Companies (Auditor's report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") are not applicable to the Company.
- ii. The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- iii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(iii) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees, and securities given in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act are applicable and hence not commented upon.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Section 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable.
- vi. To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act, for the products/services of the Company.
- vii. (a) The Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income-tax, duty of custom, goods and service tax, cess and other statutory dues applicable to it.

viii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to a financial institution, bank or government or dues to debenture holders.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, service tax, , duty of custom, value added tax, goods and service tax, cess and other statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

ix. According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer or debt instruments and term loans; hence reporting under paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and not commented upon.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us,

x. Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company by the officers and employees of the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- viii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to a financial institution, bank or government or dues to debenture holders.
- ix. According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer or debt instruments and term loans; hence reporting under paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and not commented upon.
- x. Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company by the officers and employees of the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi. According to the information and explanations given by the management, the managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- xii. In our opinion, the Company is not a nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of paragraph 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given by the management, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Act where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and hence, reporting requirements under paragraph 3(xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and, not commented upon.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him as referred to in section 192 of Act.
- xvi. According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company.

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP  
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004  
Chartered Accountants

per Govind Ahuja  
Partner  
Membership Number: 048966

Place: Mumbai  
Date: May 16, 2019

## ANNEXURE 2 TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Annexure 2 to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the standalone Ind AS financial statements of Blue Dart Aviation Limited

### **Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Blue Dart Aviation Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2019 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### **Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### **Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## ANNEXURE 2 TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Annexure 2 referred in our report of even date

### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2019, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP  
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004  
Chartered Accountants

Place: Mumbai  
Date: May 16, 2019

per Govind Ahuja  
Partner  
Membership Number: 048966

**BLUE DART AVIATION LIMITED**  
**BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2019**

	Notes	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Property, Plant and Equipment	4A	39,729	28,946
Capital work-in-progress	4A	4,498	5,257
Other Intangible Assets	4B	963	909
Other Financial Assets	5	831	973
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	6	3,558	3,327
Non-Current Tax Assets (Net)	7	2,414	1,748
Other Non-Current Assets	8	2,539	1,263
<b>TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<b>54,532</b>	<b>42,423</b>
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Inventories	9	2,012	1,685
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables	10	2,044	437
Cash and Cash equivalents	11	83	33
Other Financial Assets	12	484	261
Other Current Assets	13	3,027	1,293
<b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<b>7,650</b>	<b>3,709</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>62,182</b>	<b>46,132</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>EQUITY</b>			
Equity Share Capital	14	2,400	2,400
Other Equity	15	2,801	2,562
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>		<b>5,201</b>	<b>4,962</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	16	35,000	24,843
Other Financial Liabilities	17	2,794	2,785
Provisions	18	362	436
Other Non Current liabilities	19	-	178
<b>TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<b>38,156</b>	<b>28,242</b>
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	20	-	252
Trade Payables	21		
Total Outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprise		263	39
Total Outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprise		6,305	6,799
Other Financial Liabilities	22	9,611	3,812
Provisions	18	218	-
Employee Benefit Obligation	18A	438	513
Other Current Liabilities	23	1,990	1,513
<b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<b>18,825</b>	<b>12,928</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>56,981</b>	<b>41,170</b>
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		<b>62,182</b>	<b>46,132</b>

The above balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

As per our report of even date.

**For S.R.Batlboi & Associates LLP**  
ICAI Firm registration number: 101049W/E300004  
Chartered Accountants

**per Govind Ahuja**  
Partner  
Membership No. 048966

Place: Mumbai  
Date: May 16, 2019

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**

**Tushar K. Jani**  
Chairman  
DIN:00192621

**Air Marshal M . McMahon (Retd.,)**  
Director  
DIN:00234293

**N. Palaniappan**  
Company Secretary &  
General Manager-Finance

**Tulsi Nowlakra Mirchandaney**  
Managing Director  
DIN:01842520

**Sharad Upasani**  
Director  
DIN:01739334

**P. Parameshwaran**  
Chief Financial Officer

**Clyde C. Cooper**  
Director  
DIN: 00382001

**Air Marshal Vijay Achyut Patkar (Retd.,)**  
Director  
DIN:07037116

Place: Mumbai  
Date: May 16, 2019

**BLUE DART AVIATION LIMITED**  
**STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019**

	Notes	Year ended March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>INCOME</b>			
Revenue from Operations	24	75,209	66,575
Other Income	25	602	558
<b>TOTAL INCOME</b>		<b>75,811</b>	<b>67,133</b>
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
Operating Costs	26	40,219	35,747
Employee Benefits Expense	27	14,517	13,186
Finance Costs	28	3,230	2,236
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	29	7,985	6,940
Other Expenses	30	9,290	8,509
<b>TOTAL EXPENSES</b>		<b>75,241</b>	<b>66,618</b>
<b>PROFIT BEFORE TAX</b>		<b>570</b>	<b>515</b>
Income Tax Expense	32		
Current Tax		520	313
Adjustment of tax relating to earlior year		78	-
Deferred Tax		(243)	(54)
Total Tax Expense		355	259
<b>PROFIT FOR THE YEAR</b>		<b>215</b>	<b>256</b>
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>			
OCI not to be reclassified to Statement of Profit or Loss in subsequent periods			
- Remeasurement gains/ (loses) on defined benefit plans		36	29
- Income tax effect		(12)	(10)
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR</b>		<b>239</b>	<b>275</b>
Earnings Per Equity Share	31		
[Nominal value of share ₹ 10 each]			
Basic and Diluted Earning per share (in ₹)		0.90	1.06

The above Statement of Profit and Loss should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

As per our report of even date

**For S.R.Batliboi & Associates LLP**  
 ICAI Firm registration number: 101049W/E300004  
 Chartered Accountants

**per Govind Ahuja**  
 Partner  
 Membership No. 048966

Place: Mumbai  
 Date: May 16, 2019

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**Tushar K. Jani**  
 Chairman  
 DIN:00192621

**Air Marshal M. McMahon (Retd.,)**  
 Director  
 DIN:00234293

**N. Palaniappan**  
 Company Secretary &  
 General Manager-Finance

Place: Mumbai  
 Date: May 16, 2019

**Tulsi Nowlakra Mirchandaney**  
 Managing Director  
 DIN:01842520

**Sharad Upasani**  
 Director  
 DIN:01739334

**P. Parameshwaran**  
 Chief Financial Officer

**Clyde C. Cooper**  
 Director  
 DIN: 00382001

**Air Marshal Vijay Achyut Patkar (Retd.,)**  
 Director  
 DIN:07037116

**BLUE DART AVIATION LIMITED**  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019**

		Year ended March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>A. Cash flows from Operating activities:</b>			
Profit before tax		570	515
<b>Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:</b>			
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	29	7,985	6,940
Loss on sale/ scrapping of property, plant and equipment (net)	30	57	65
Finance Costs	28	3,058	2,236
Rotables/Components & Overhaul written off	26	203	223
Unrealised loss / (gain) on Foreign Currency Transactions and Translation		(104)	125
Unwinding interest on security deposit	25	86	(86)
Provision for Slow moving Inventory	26	121	92
<b>Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities</b>		<b>11,976</b>	<b>10,110</b>
<b>Adjustments for changes in operating assets and liabilities:</b>			
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables		(1,607)	(343)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories		(448)	135
Increase in trade payables		147	1,857
(Increase)/ decrease in other current financial assets		(223)	(34)
(Increase)/decrease in other current assets		749	162
(Increase)/decrease in other non-current Financial assets		142	(371)
(Increase) in other non-current assets		(1,228)	(715)
Increase/(decrease) in current provisions and Employee Benefit Obligation		179	345
Increase in non-current provisions and Employee Benefit Obligation		(74)	(150)
Increase in other current liabilities		477	1,054
Increase in other non-current liabilities		(178)	178
Increase/ (decrease) in other financial liabilities		110	63
(Decrease) in other non-current financial liabilities		(77)	(502)
<b>Cash generated from Operations</b>		<b>9,945</b>	<b>11,789</b>
Taxes paid (net of refunds)	7	(1,264)	(1,180)
<b>Net cash flows from operating activities</b>		<b>8,681</b>	<b>10,609</b>
<b>B. Cash flows from / (used in) Investing activities:</b>			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets		(21,205)	(15,677)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		37	193
<b>Net cash flows used in Investing activities</b>		<b>(21,168)</b>	<b>(15,484)</b>
<b>C. Cash flows from / (used in) Financing activities:</b>			
Proceeds from borrowings		21,500	16,000
Repayment of borrowings		(5,653)	(8,691)
Inter Corporate deposits accepted from Blue Dart Express Ltd.		17,782	8,735
Inter Corporate deposits repaid from Blue Dart Express Ltd.		(17,782)	(8,735)

**BLUE DART AVIATION LIMITED**  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED March 31, 2019**

	Year ended March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
Interest Paid	(3,058)	(2,029)
<b>Net cash flows from / (used) in financing activities</b>	<b>12,789</b>	<b>5,280</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>302</b>	<b>405</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>(219)</b>	<b>(624)</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>(219)</b>
Note : There are no changes in liability arising from financing, activities due to non cash changes		
<b>Cash and cash equivalents comprise of :</b>		
Balances with banks in current accounts	81	30
Cash on hand	2	3
Bank Overdraft	-	(252)
	<b>83</b>	<b>(219)</b>

**Notes:**

The above Statement of Cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

As per our report of even date

**For S.R.Batlboi & Associates LLP**  
 ICAI Firm registration number: 101049W/E300004  
 Chartered Accountants

**per Govind Ahuja**  
 Partner  
 Membership No. 048966

Place: Mumbai  
 Date: May 16, 2019

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**Tushar K. Jani**  
 Chairman  
 DIN:00192621

**Air Marshal M . McMahan (Retd.,)**  
 Director  
 DIN:00234293

**N. Palaniappan**  
 Company Secretary &  
 General Manager-Finance

Place: Mumbai  
 Date: May 16, 2019

**Tulsi Nowlakra Mirchandaney**  
 Managing Director  
 DIN:01842520

**Sharad Upasani**  
 Director  
 DIN:01739334

**P. Parameshwaran**  
 Chief Financial Officer

**Clyde C. Cooper**  
 Director  
 DIN: 00382001

**Air Marshal Vijay Achyut Patkar (Retd.,)**  
 Director  
 DIN:07037116

# BLUE DART AVIATION LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (SOCIE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

### A. Equity Share Capital

in ₹ Lakhs

<b>Balance as at March 31, 2017</b>	<b>2,400</b>
Changes in equity share capital	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2018</b>	<b>2,400</b>
Changes in equity share capital	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2019</b>	<b>2,400</b>

### B. Other Equity

in ₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus		
	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained earnings	Total Other Equity
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2017</b>	<b>600</b>	<b>1,687</b>	<b>2,287</b>
Profit for the year	-	256	256
Other comprehensive income	-	19	19
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>275</b>	<b>275</b>
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2018</b>	<b>600</b>	<b>1,962</b>	<b>2,562</b>

in ₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus		
	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained earnings	Total Other Equity
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2018</b>	<b>600</b>	<b>1,962</b>	<b>2,562</b>
Profit for the year	-	215	215
Other comprehensive income	-	24	24
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>239</b>
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2019</b>	<b>600</b>	<b>2,201</b>	<b>2,801</b>

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**For S.R.Batliboi & Associates LLP**  
ICAI Firm registration number: 101049W/E300004  
Chartered Accountants

**Tushar K. Jani**  
Chairman  
DIN:00192621

**Tulsi Nowlakra Mirchandaney**  
Managing Director  
DIN:01842520

**Clyde C. Cooper**  
Director  
DIN: 00382001

**per Govind Ahuja**  
Partner  
Membership No. 048966

**Air Marshal M . McMahon (Retd.,)**  
Director  
DIN:00234293

**Sharad Upasani**  
Director  
DIN:01739334

**Air Marshal Vijay Achyut Patkar (Retd.,)**  
Director  
DIN:07037116

Place: Mumbai  
Date: May 16, 2019

**N. Palaniappan**  
Company Secretary &  
General Manager-Finance

**P. Parameshwaran**  
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai  
Date: May 16, 2019

# SCHEDULES

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

### 1. General Information

Blue Dart Aviation Limited ('the Company') is a public company incorporated in India on May 31, 1994 under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The Company is authorised by the Director General Civil Aviation of India to commercially operate aircrafts for transporting cargo and to provide aircraft maintenance services. "Express Air Charter Services" income is generated from the charter flight services rendered exclusively to Blue Dart Express Limited. The registered office of the Company is located at Blue Dart Centre, Sahar Airport Road, Andheri East, Mumbai - 400 099. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Blue Dart Express Limited, India.

The standalone financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on May 16, 2019.

### 2 Basis of preparation of Financial Statements

#### a. Statement of compliance with Ind AS

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (amended) under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act').

#### b. Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities and defined benefit plans - plan assets measured at fair value (Refer Note 18).

#### c. Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

The areas involving critical estimates and judgements are:

- (i) Estimation of useful life of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets [Refer Note 3(a)]
- (ii) Estimation of defined benefit obligation [Refer Note 18A]
- (iii) Estimation of provision for inventories
- (iv) Estimation of contingent liabilities [Refer Note 3(l)]

#### d. Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- (i) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- (ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- (iii) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- (iv) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- (i) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- (ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- (iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- (iv) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

### 3 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements, unless otherwise stated.

#### a. Property, plant and equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are carried at historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs

## SCHEDULES

### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Capital work-in-progress represents property, plant and equipment that are not yet ready for their intended use as at the balance sheet date.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

The residual value, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

#### b. Intangible Assets:

Intangible assets are stated at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortised on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life. The Company capitalises the cost of Type-Certification course of pilots and engineers, and amortises it using the straight-line method over a period of three to five years, being the estimated useful economic life based on the contractual terms with the pilots and engineers.

#### Depreciation/Amortisation

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Asset	Useful Life
Aircraft Componets & Overhaul	Over the engine life cycle
Aircraft Rotable Parts	10 years
Computer Software	6 years
Computers	3 to 6 years
Electrical equipments	10 years
Furnitures & fixtures	10 years
Leasehold Improvements	20 years
Office Equipment	5 years
Type Certification	3-5 years
Vehicles	8 years
Ground Equipment	10 to 15 years

The Company, based on technical assessment made by technical expert and management estimate, depreciates computers over estimated useful lives of 3 to 6 years,

leasehold improvement over the period of lease and aircraft rotatable parts over estimated useful lives of 10 years which are different from the useful life prescribed in Schedule II . The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

Depreciation for assets purchased/sold during a year is proportionately charged. Individual assets costing upto Rs.5,000 are depreciated over a period of one year from the date put to use.

Aircraft components and overhaul includes the cost of engines overhaul, components and modifications of airframes and contractually liable to be incurred by the Company. Such costs are depreciated / amortised on the basis of hours flown or the life cycle of the overhaul programme, as applicable.

#### c. Impairment of Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset (tangible or intangible) may be impaired. If any indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash generating unit's ('CGU') net selling price and its value in use. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Assessment is also done at each balance sheet date as to whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset in prior accounting periods may no longer exist or may have decreased and such reversal is recorded in the statement of profit and loss.

#### d. Inventories

Inventory of consumables/spares and loose tools are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost is calculated at purchase price and expenditure directly attributable to the acquisition of such inventories for bringing them to their present location using the specific identification method.

#### e. Revenue Recognition

##### Express Air Charter Services:

Service charges for the Express Air Charter Services are recognised in accordance with the Aircraft Crew Maintenance Insurance (ACMI) Agreement and constitute revenue earned in connection with operating aircrafts for Blue Dart Express Limited on the basis of an agreed mark-up on cost incurred. This includes reimbursement towards certain aircraft operating costs.

# SCHEDULES

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

### **Business Support Services:**

Income from Infrastructure sharing services is recognised, as and when such services are rendered, on the basis of an agreed mark-up on costs incurred, in accordance with the arrangements entered into or at the contracted rates.

### **Interest Income:**

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate ('EIR') method. EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in other income in the statement of profit and loss.

## **f. Foreign Currency Transactions**

### **Functional and Presentation currency**

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (INR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

### **Transactions and balances**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates at the date of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in statement of profit and loss.

Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the statement of profit or loss, within finance cost. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains/(losses).

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

## **g. Employee Benefits**

### **(i) Short-term obligations**

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary

benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

### **Compensated absences:**

Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed within 12 months from the end of the balance sheet date are treated as short term employee benefits. Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed beyond 12 months from the end of the year are treated as other long term employee benefits.

### **(ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations**

The liabilities for earned leave and sick leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed beyond 12 months from the end of balance sheet date are treated as other long term employee benefits for measurement purposes. The Company's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit Method) at the end of each year. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial losses/ gains are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur.

The Company presents the leave as a short term employee benefit obligation in the balance sheet to the extent it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for 12 months after the reporting date.

### **(iii) Post-employment obligations**

The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

(a) Defined benefit plans such as gratuity

## SCHEDULES

### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

(b) Defined contribution plans such as provident fund, Employee's state insurance funds and Employee's pension scheme.

#### **Defined Benefit Plans:**

##### **Gratuity:**

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit plan (the 'Gratuity Plan') covering eligible employees in accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation, or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment. The Company's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. Re-measurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income (OCI).

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss: Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments non-routine settlements; and Net interest expense or income.

#### **Defined Contribution Plans:**

Contribution towards Provident Fund for all employees are made to the regulatory authorities, where the Company has no further obligations. Such benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company does not carry any further obligations, apart from the contributions made on a monthly basis.

The Company also contributes to State plans, namely Employee's State Insurance Fund and Employee's Pension Scheme 1995, and has no further obligation beyond making its contribution.

Company's contributions to the above funds are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the year for which the contributions are due for payment.

#### **(iv) Bonus plans**

The Company recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses. The Company recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

#### **h. Leases**

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Operating lease rental payments are recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

#### **i. Income Taxes**

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in Statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates items recognised directly in equity or in Other Comprehensive Income ('OCI').

##### **Current tax**

Tax expense for the year, comprising current tax and deferred tax, are included in the determination of the net profit or loss for the year. Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the taxation laws prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realise the asset and set off the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

##### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are subsequently reversed when it becomes probable that such assets will be realised.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax

## SCHEDULES

### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- a) the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

#### j. Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other gains/(losses).

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed,

after the reporting period and before the approval of the financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of the breach.

#### k. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

#### l. Contingent Liabilities

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

#### m. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, demand deposits with banks, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

#### n. Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

##### A) Financial assets

###### i) Classification

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

# SCHEDULES

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

### ii) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value including, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

### iii) Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised only when

- (i) The company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- (ii) Retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

### iv) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance
- b) Trade receivables

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

- i) Trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component

- ii) All lease receivables resulting from transactions

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

## B) Financial liabilities

### i) Classification

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

### ii) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

### iii) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind-AS 109. Separated

# SCHEDULES

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind-AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as fair value through statement of profit and loss (FVTPL), fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/loss are not subsequently transferred to profit and loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through Statement of profit and loss.

### iv) Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

### v) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

### vi) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

### o. Fair value measurement

'Fair value' is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- ▶ Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- ▶ Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- ▶ Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

### p. Earnings per share

#### (i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year, if any and excluding treasury shares (Refer note 31).

#### (ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. (Refer note 31).

## SCHEDULES

### q. Segment Information

The Company is primarily engaged in a single segment business to operate aircraft and provide aircraft maintenance services within India for the business of integrated air and ground transportation and distribution of time-sensitive packages of Blue Dart Express Limited. All assets of the Company are domiciled in India and the Company earns entire revenue from its operations in India.

### r. Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

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## SCHEDULES

Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

### 4A. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

in ₹ Lakhs

Description of Assets	GROSS CARRYING VALUE				ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				NET CARRYING VALUE
	Opening Balance as at April 1, 2018	Additions	"Deductions/ Adjustments"	Closing Balance as at March 31, 2019	Upto April 1, 2018	For the Year	Deductions/ Adjustments	Upto March 31, 2019	Closing Balance as at March 31, 2019
<b>Tangible Assets:</b>									
Leasehold Improvements (Refer Note 39)	3,400	2,115	3,227	2,288	822	118	744	196	2,092
Aircraft Rotable Parts	4,841	1,270	116	5,995	1,553	588	29	2,112	3,883
Aircraft Components and Overhaul	26,350	13,009	2,578	36,781	8,939	5,806	2,168	12,577	24,204
Ground Equipment	5,752	1,846	69	7,529	1,493	567	20	2,040	5,489
Office Equipment	183	451	2	632	86	68	4	150	482
Electrical Equipment	756	1,264	40	1,980	312	163	25	450	1,530
Computers	345	86	2	429	116	71	1	186	243
Furniture and Fittings	1,003	1,386	93	2,296	393	208	71	530	1,766
Vehicles	49	23	2	70	19	12	1	30	40
<b>Total Tangible Assets</b>	<b>42,679</b>	<b>21,450</b>	<b>6,129</b>	<b>58,000</b>	<b>13,733</b>	<b>7,601</b>	<b>3,063</b>	<b>18,271</b>	<b>39,729</b>
Capital work-in-progress	5,257	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,498

**Notes:**

- As a prudent practice, Company has been depreciating full value of the assets, though the assets will have residual value and Companies Act, 2013, also allows upto 5% to be retained as a residual value.
- Deductions/Adjustments also includes reclassification from one category to another category of asset, if any.
- In 2016-17, on transition to IND AS, the Company has availed the deemed cost exemption in relation to Property, Plant & Equipment and hence net block carrying amount has been considered as the gross block carrying amount on April 1, 2015.

### 4B. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

in ₹ Lakhs

Description of Assets	GROSS CARRYING VALUE				ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				NET CARRYING VALUE
	Opening Balance as at April 1, 2018	Additions	"Deductions/ Adjustments"	Closing Balance as at March 31, 2019	Upto April 1, 2018	For the Year	Deductions/ Adjustments	Upto March 31, 2019	Closing Balance as at March 31, 2019
Computers - Software	628	98	19	707	340	118	9	449	258
Type Certification Course	1,350	368	229	1,489	729	266	211	784	705
<b>Total Intangible Assets</b>	<b>1,978</b>	<b>466</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>2,196</b>	<b>1,069</b>	<b>384</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>1,233</b>	<b>963</b>

**Notes :**

In 2016-17, on transition to IND AS, the Company has availed the deemed cost exemption in relation to Property, Plant & Equipment and hence net block carrying amount has been considered as the gross block carrying amount on 1st April 2015.

## SCHEDULES

Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

### 4A. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

in ₹ Lakhs

Description of Assets	GROSS CARRYING VALUE				Upto April 1, 2017	For the year	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		NET CARRYING VALUE
	Deemed Cost as at April 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions/ Adjustments	Closing Balance as at March 31, 2018			Deductions/ Adjustments	Upto March 31, 2018	Closing Balance as at March 31, 2018
<b>Tangible Assets:</b>									
Leasehold Improvements	3,400	-	-	3,400	582	240	-	822	2,578
Aircraft Rotable Parts	4,813	913	885	4,841	1,589	663	699	1,553	3,288
Aircraft Components and Overhaul	17,724	11,484	2,858	26,350	7,056	4,682	2,799	8,939	17,411
Ground Equipment	5,402	472	122	5,752	1,067	522	96	1,493	4,259
Office Equipment	136	63	16	183	68	29	11	86	97
Electrical Equipment	684	141	69	756	239	120	47	312	444
Computers	352	51	58	345	112	66	62	116	229
Furniture and Fittings	921	239	157	1,003	349	148	104	393	610
Vehicles	104	8	63	49	57	16	54	19	30
<b>Total Tangible Assets</b>	<b>33,536</b>	<b>13,371</b>	<b>4,228</b>	<b>42,679</b>	<b>11,119</b>	<b>6,486</b>	<b>3,872</b>	<b>13,733</b>	<b>28,946</b>
Capital work in progress	3,343	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,257

**Notes:**

- As a prudent practice, Company has been depreciating full value of the assets, though the assets will have residual value and Companies Act, 2013, also allows upto 5% to be retained as a residual value.
- Deductions/Adjustments also includes reclassification from one category to another category of asset, if any.
- In 2016-17, on transition to IND AS, the Company has availed the deemed cost exemption in relation to Property, Plant & Equipment and hence net block carrying amount has been considered as the gross block carrying amount on April 1, 2015.

### 4B. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

in ₹ Lakhs

Description of Assets	GROSS CARRYING VALUE				Upto April 1, 2017	For the year	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		NET CARRYING VALUE
	Deemed Cost as at April 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions/ Adjustments	Closing Balance as at March 31, 2018			Deductions/ Adjustments	Upto March 31, 2018	Closing Balance as at March 31, 2018
Computers - Software	586	45	3	628	229	114	3	340	288
Type Certification Course	1,476	259	385	1,350	650	340	261	729	621
<b>Total Intangible Assets</b>	<b>2,062</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>388</b>	<b>1,978</b>	<b>879</b>	<b>454</b>	<b>264</b>	<b>1,069</b>	<b>909</b>

**Notes :**

In 2016-17, on transition to IND AS, the Company has availed the deemed cost exemption in relation to Property, Plant & Equipment and hence net block carrying amount has been considered as the gross block carrying amount on 1st April 2015.

## SCHEDULES

Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>5 OTHER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>		
(Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
Long term deposits with banks with maturity period more than 12 months	-	1
<b>Advances</b>		
Deposits	831	972
<b>Total</b>	<b>831</b>	<b>973</b>
<b>6 DEFERRED TAX ASSET/(LIABILITIES) (NET) [Refer Note 3 (i) and Note 32]</b>		
<b>Deferred Tax Assets</b>		
Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets	2,817	2,675
Other timing differences	741	652
<b>Gross Deferred Tax Assets</b>	<b>3,558</b>	<b>3,327</b>
<b>7 NON-CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)</b>		
<b>Opening balance</b>	1,748	881
Less: Current tax payable for the year	520	313
Less: Adjustment of tax relating to earlier year	78	-
Add: Taxes paid	1,264	1,180
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>2,414</b>	<b>1,748</b>
Advance income tax	6,957	5,693
Provision for tax	4,543	3,945
Advance income tax (Net of provision for tax)	<b>2,414</b>	<b>1,748</b>
<b>8 OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
Capital Advances	175	127
Prepaid Expenses	274	1,136
Other non-current asset (Refer Note 39)	2,090	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,539</b>	<b>1,263</b>
<b>9 INVENTORIES</b>		
Consumables/Spares*	1,803	1,491
Loose Tools	209	194
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,012</b>	<b>1,685</b>
* Net of provision for slow-moving items of ₹ 702 Lakhs, (March 31, 2018 - ₹ 580 Lakhs)		
<b>10 TRADE RECEIVABLES</b>		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Trade receivables	20	123
Receivables from related parties (Refer Note 33)	2,024	314
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,044</b>	<b>437</b>

## SCHEDULES

Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		
Balances with banks in current accounts	81	30
Cash on hand	2	3
<b>Total</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>33</b>
<b>12 OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>		
(Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
Deposits	484	261
<b>Total</b>	<b>484</b>	<b>261</b>
<b>13 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Prepaid Expenses	1,657	672
Balance with Government Authorities	1,034	325
Others (Refer Note 39)	336	296
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,027</b>	<b>1,293</b>
<b>14 EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL</b>		
<b>Authorised</b>		
4,00,00,000 Equity Shares(March 31, 2018- 40,000,000 of ₹ 10 each	4,000	4,000
<b>Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up</b>		
2,40,00,000 Equity Shares (March 31, 2018 : 24,000,000 of ₹ 10 each fully paid-up	2,400	2,400
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,400</b>	<b>2,400</b>

### i. Reconciliation of the number of shares

	As at March 31, 2019		As at March 31, 2018	
	Number of shares	Amount (₹ In Lakhs)	Number of shares	Amount (₹ In Lakhs)
Balance as at the beginning of the year	24,000,000	2,400	24,000,000	2,400
Additions/Deletions during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance as at the end of the year	24,000,000	2,400	24,000,000	2,400

### ii. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares at a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each shareholder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity share holders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their share holding.

## SCHEDULES

Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>iii. Shares held by Holding Company</b>		
Blue Dart Express Limited, the Holding Company	2,400	2,400
24,000,000 (March 31, 2018- 24,000,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up		

**iv. Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company**

	As at March 31, 2019		As at March 31, 2018	
	Number of shares	%	Number of shares	%
Blue Dart Express Limited ('BDEL') and its nominees	24,000,000	100%	24,000,000	100%
<b>Total</b>	<b>24,000,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>24,000,000</b>	<b>100%</b>

### 15 OTHER EQUITY

**Reserves and Surplus**

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
Securities Premium	600	600
Retained earnings	2,201	1,962
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,801</b>	<b>2,562</b>

**i) Securities Premium**

<b>Balance as at the beginning and end of the year</b>	<b>600</b>	<b>600</b>
--	------------	------------

**ii) Retained Earnings**

Balance as at the beginning of the year	1,962	1,687
Net Profit for the year	215	256
Items of other comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings		
Remeasurements of defined benefit obligations, (net of tax)	24	19
<b>Balance as at the end of the year</b>	<b>2,201</b>	<b>1,962</b>
<b>Total of Other Equity</b>	<b>2,801</b>	<b>2,562</b>

**Nature and purpose of reserve:**

**Security Premium**

Securities Premium is used to record the premium received on issue of shares. The Reserve can be utilised only in accordance with the provisions of the act.

## SCHEDULES

Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>16 NON CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - BORROWINGS</b>		
<b>Term loans</b>		
<b>Unsecured</b>		
(a) Term Loan from Financial Institutions (Refer note (a) and (c))	17,500	23,750
(b) Term Loan from banks (Refer note (b))	17,500	-
(c) Term Loan from Blue Dart Express Limited (Refer note (d))	-	1,093
<b>Total</b>	<b>35,000</b>	<b>24,843</b>

### Security and Salient Terms:

- a) During the year, the Company has taken unsecured term loan of ₹ 4,000 lakhs from Citicorp Finance India Ltd ('Citicorp') on June 12, 2018, having a moratorium period of 24 months and repayable in four equal instalments over a period of 36 months from June 12, 2018, starting from September 11, 2020 with an interest rate of 8.60% p.a.
- b) During the year, the Company has taken further unsecured term loan from Federal Bank & Axis bank of ₹ 10,000 lakhs and ₹ 7,500 lakhs at interest rate of 8.40% p.a. and 8.60% p.a., respectively, which will be reset at every 364 days from the date of disbursement for the purposes of refinancing exiting loan, aviation related maintenance and other capital expenditure.
- c) During the year, the Company has fully repaid the term loan of ₹ 3,750 lakhs availed from Standard Chartered Investments & Loans India Limited ahead of its repayment schedule.
- d) During the year, the Company has repaid ₹ 1,904 lakhs towards the unsecured interest bearing loan borrowed from Blue Dart Express Limited. The outstanding amount as at March 31, 2019 is ₹ 1,092 lakhs which has been shown under other current financial liability since it is payable within 12 months of the balance sheet date as disclosed in Note 22.
- e) Blue Dart Express Limited, the holding company, has provided the letter of Comfort to the banks/ financial institutions in respect of credit facilities provided by the banks/ financial institutions to the Company.

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>17 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>		
Aircraft Payload Deposit from Blue Dart Express Limited	1,964	1,774
Deposit Received from DHL Express (India) Private Limited	648	798
Employee Benefits Payable	182	213
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,794</b>	<b>2,785</b>

### 18 CURRENT PROVISIONS

Provision for aircraft redelivery obligation (refer below note A)

#### Total

218	-
<b>218</b>	<b>-</b>

### NON-CURRENT PROVISIONS

Provision for aircraft redelivery obligation (refer below note A)

#### Total

362	436
<b>362</b>	<b>436</b>

### Note A: Movement in provision for aircraft redelivery obligation:

#### Opening Balance

Additions during the year (including interest Rs 40 lakhs (Previous year: Rs 30 lakhs))

Utilisation during the year

#### Closing Balance

436	282
144	154
-	-
<b>580</b>	<b>436</b>

## SCHEDULES

Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>18 A CURRENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS OBLIGATION</b>		
<b>Provision for Employee Benefits:</b>		
[Refer notes 3 (g)]		
Provision for Gratuity	(7)	74
Provision for Compensated absences	445	439
<b>Total</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>513</b>

### Employee benefit obligations

The Company has classified the various employee benefits provided to employees as under:

#### I Defined Contribution Plans

	For the Year ended March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	For the Year ended March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
- Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund	205	221
- Employer's Contribution to Employees' State Insurance	34	28
- Employer's Contribution to Employees' Pension Scheme 1995	112	104

During the year, the Company has recognised the above amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss under "Contribution to provident and other funds"

#### II Defined Benefit Plans

##### Gratuity:

A The amounts recognised in the balance sheet and the movements in the net defined benefit obligation over the years are as follows:

	Present value of obligation	Fair value of plan assets	Net defined benefit (asset) /liability
<b>Balance as on April 1, 2017</b>	<b>1,235</b>	<b>(1,150)</b>	<b>85</b>
Interest Cost	95	-	95
Current Service Cost	92	-	92
Expected Return on Plan Assets	-	(88)	(88)
<b>Total amount recognised in profit or loss</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>(88)</b>	<b>99</b>
Remeasurements			
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligations	(42)	13	(29)
<b>Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income</b>	<b>(42)</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>(29)</b>
Benefits Paid	(95)	95	0
Contributions	-	(81)	(81)
<b>Balance as on March 31, 2018</b>	<b>1,285</b>	<b>(1,211)</b>	<b>74</b>
Interest Cost	101	-	101
Current Service Cost	91	-	91
Expected Return on Plan Assets	-	(96)	(96)
<b>Total amount recognised in profit or loss</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>(96)</b>	<b>96</b>

## SCHEDULES

### Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

	Present value of obligation	Fair value of plan assets	Net defined benefit (asset) /liability
Liability Transferred In/ Acquisitions	59	(59)	-
Remeasurements			
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligations	(46)	10	(36)
<b>Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>(49)</b>	<b>(36)</b>
Benefits Paid	(80)	80	-
Contributions	-	(141)	(141)
<b>Balance as on March 31, 2019</b>	<b>1,410</b>	<b>(1,417)</b>	<b>(7)</b>

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>B Reconciliation of Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation and the Fair value of Assets</b>		
Present Value of funded obligation as at the year end	1,410	1,285
Fair Value of Plan Assets as at the end of the year	(1,417)	(1,211)
Present Value of unfunded obligation as at the year end	(7)	74
Unrecognised Actuarial (gains)/losses	-	-
<b>Unfunded Net Liability Recognised in Balance Sheet</b>	<b>(7)</b>	<b>74</b>

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>C Amount recognised in the Balance Sheet</b>		
Present Value of Obligation at the end of the year	1,410	1,285
Fair value of plan assets	(1,417)	(1,211)
Liability recognised in the Balance Sheet	(7)	74

#### D Actuarial assumptions

- i Valuations in respect of gratuity has been carried out by an independent actuary, as at the balance sheet date, based on the following assumptions:

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
Discount Rate and Expected Return on Plan Assets (per annum)	7.78%	7.66%
Rate of increase in Salary growth rate	7.25%	7.25%

Note: The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, takes into account, inflation, seniority, promotions and other relevant factors, such as demand and supply in the employment market.

#### ii Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

## SCHEDULES

Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

### Impact on defined benefit obligation (In ₹ Lakhs)

	As at March 31, 2019		As at March 31, 2018	
	Increase (0.5%)	Decrease (0.5%)	Increase (0.5%)	Decrease (0.5%)
Discount rate (0.5% movement)	(65)	71	(61)	67
Future salary growth (0.5% movement)	71	(66)	67	(62)

Although the analysis does not take account of the full distribution of cash flows expected under the plan, it does provide an approximation of the sensitivity of the assumptions shown.

### iii Percentage of each category of Plan Assets to total Fair Value of Plan Assets

The Plan Assets are administered by Life Insurance Corporation of India ("LIC") as per Investment Pattern stipulated for Pension and Group Schemes Fund by Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority ('IRDA') regulations.

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
Insured fund in LIC	1417	1211
<b>iv Expected gratuity contribution for the next years</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>164</b>
<b>E Compensated Absences</b>		
Current provisions (Refer note 18B)	445	439

### 19 OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES

Air charter service income received in advance

**Total**

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
Air charter service income received in advance	-	178
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>178</b>

### 20 CURRENT BORROWINGS

#### Unsecured

Bank Overdraft (payable on demand and interest rate i.e. MCLR +0.35%)

**Total**

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
Bank Overdraft (payable on demand and interest rate i.e. MCLR +0.35%)	-	252
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>252</b>

### 21 TRADE PAYABLES

Trade Payables:

Total outstanding dues of Micro enterprises and Small Enterprises (Refer Note 34)

Total outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro enterprises and small enterprises:

Trade payable other than related parties

Trade payables to related parties (Refer Note 33)

Other Payables

**Total**

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
Total outstanding dues of Micro enterprises and Small Enterprises (Refer Note 34)	263	39
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro enterprises and small enterprises:		
Trade payable other than related parties	4,449	3,238
Trade payables to related parties (Refer Note 33)	670	2,476
Other Payables	1,186	1,085
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,568</b>	<b>6,838</b>

## SCHEDULES

Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>22 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>		
Current maturities of Term Loan from Blue Dart Express Limited (Refer Note 16)	1,092	1,903
Current maturities of Unsecured term loan from Financial Institutions (Refer Note 16)	7,500	1,000
Deposit Received from DHL Express (India) Private Limited	150	150
Employee benefits payable	869	759
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,611</b>	<b>3,812</b>
<b>23 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Statutory dues (including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance and Tax Deducted at Source)	1,814	1,335
Air charter service income received in advance	176	178
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,990</b>	<b>1,513</b>
	<b>Year ended March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs</b>	<b>Year ended March 31, 2017 in ₹ Lakhs</b>
<b>24 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS</b>		
Express Air Charter Services [Refer Note 3(e)]	74,315	65,706
<b>Other Operating Revenue</b>		
Business Support Services [Refer Note 3(e)]	894	869
<b>Total</b>	<b>75,209</b>	<b>66,575</b>
<b>25 OTHER INCOME</b>		
Sale of Spares / Services	265	261
Unwinding interest on security deposit	86	86
Net Gain on Foreign Currency Transactions and Translation [Refer Note 3(f)]	89	-
Miscellaneous Income	162	211
<b>Total</b>	<b>602</b>	<b>558</b>
<b>26 OPERATING COSTS</b>		
Aircraft Fuel	23,845	19,356
Aircraft and Engine Lease Rentals [Refer Note 3(h)]	8,458	8,013
Navigation Charges	3,651	4,114
Engineering Maintenance Costs	1,246	1,439
Loss on sale/scraping of Rotables/Components & Overhaul written off [Refer Note 4A]	203	223
Consumption of Consumables and Tools	1,154	1,175
Provision for aircraft redelivery obligation [Refer Note 18]	144	124
Provision for slow-moving inventory	121	92

## SCHEDULES

Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

	Year ended March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2017 in ₹ Lakhs
Aircraft Insurance	229	224
Handling and Clearing	871	691
Interline Expenses	297	296
<b>Total</b>	<b>40,219</b>	<b>35,747</b>
<b>27 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE</b>		
Salaries, Bonus and compensated absences	13,104	11,863
Contribution to provident and other funds	372	353
Gratuity	96	99
Staff Welfare Expenses	945	871
<b>Total</b>	<b>14,517</b>	<b>13,186</b>
<b>28 FINANCE COSTS</b>		
Interest Expense:		
- On Term loan from bank	702	-
- On Term loans from financial institutions	2,023	1,464
- On Unsecured term loan and inter corporate deposits from Blue Dart Express Limited	320	561
- Unwinding of interest on provisions/payload deposits	179	207
- On Others	6	4
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,230</b>	<b>2,236</b>
<b>29 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE</b>		
Depreciation on Tangible assets	7,601	6,486
Amortisation on Intangible assets	384	454
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,985</b>	<b>6,940</b>
<b>30 OTHER EXPENSES</b>		
Rent	5,455	4,647
Electricity	392	376
Repairs and Maintenance - Others	881	826
Communication Expenses	100	90
Directors sitting fees	13	20
Legal and Professional Expenses	111	154
Payment to Auditors		
Statutory Audit fees	9	9
Tax Audit fees	1	1
*Reimbursement of Expenses	12	1
Rates and taxes	147	64

## SCHEDULES

### Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

	Year ended March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2017 in ₹ Lakhs
Insurance	192	175
Lease and Hire charges	55	53
Loss on Sale/Scrapping of Assets	57	65
Net Loss on Foreign Currency Transactions and Translation	-	234
Printing and Stationery	187	227
Subscriptions Charges	297	268
Travelling Expenses	438	421
Miscellaneous expenses	943	878
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,290</b>	<b>8,509</b>

\*Out of ₹12 lakhs, ₹ 5.64 Lakhs pertains to financials year 2017-18 & rest consist of provision for the financials year 2018-19.

### 31 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Profit for the year	215	256
Weighted average number of shares (Nos.)	24,000,000	24,000,000
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share (In ₹)	0.90	1.06
Nominal value of shares outstanding (In ₹)	10	10

### 32 TAX EXPENSE

#### A. Amounts recognised in profit and loss

##### (a) Income tax expense

##### Current Tax

Current tax on profits for the year	520	313
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Adjustment of tax relating to earlier year	78	-
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<b>Total current tax expense</b>	<b>598</b>	<b>313</b>
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##### Deferred tax

Decrease (increase) in deferred tax	(243)	(54)
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<b>Total deferred tax expense/(benefit)</b>	<b>(243)</b>	<b>(54)</b>
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<b>Income tax expense</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>259</b>
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##### (b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate:

Profit before income tax expense	570	515
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<b>Tax at the Indian tax rate of 34.96% (2017-2018 – 34.608%)*</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>179</b>
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Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:

Others	156	80
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<b>Income tax expense</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>259</b>
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## SCHEDULES

Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

### B. Movement in deferred tax balances

	March 31, 2019				(in ₹ Lakhs)		
	Net balance March 31, 2018	Recognised in Profit and Loss	Recognised in OCI	Others	Net deferred tax asset / liability	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability
<b>Deferred tax asset</b>							
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(2,686)	(131)	-	-	(2,817)	(2,817)	-
Provision for Compensated Absences	(152)	(4)	-	-	(156)	(156)	-
Provision for Bonus	(11)	7	-	-	(4)	(4)	-
Provision for Gratuity	(36)	38	-	-	2	2	-
Remeasurement of Net Defined Benefit plans	10	-	12	-	22	22	-
Other items	(453)	(153)	-	-	(605)	(605)	-
<b>Tax (Assets) / Liabilities</b>	<b>(3,327)</b>	<b>(243)</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(3,558)</b>	<b>(3,558)</b>	<b>-</b>

	March 31, 2018				(in ₹ Lakhs)		
	Net balance March 31, 2017	Recognised in Profit and Loss	Recognised in OCI	Others	Net deferred tax asset / liability	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability
<b>Deferred tax liability</b>							
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(2,493)	(193)	-	-	(2,686)	(2,686)	-
Provision for Compensated Absences	(144)	(8)	-	-	(152)	(152)	-
Provision for Bonus	(42)	31	-	-	(11)	(11)	-
Provision for Gratuity	(30)	(6)	-	-	(36)	(36)	-
Remeasurements of the net defined benefit plans	-	-	10	-	10	10	-
Other items	(575)	122	-	-	(453)	(453)	-
<b>Tax (Assets) / Liabilities</b>	<b>(3,284)</b>	<b>(54)</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(3,327)</b>	<b>(3,327)</b>	<b>-</b>

The company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Significant management judgment is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets.

The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered. Any changes in future taxable income would impact the recoverability of deferred tax assets.

## SCHEDULES

Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

### 33 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

#### A) NAME OF RELATED PARTIES AND NATURE OF RELATIONSHIP:

##### i) Enterprises where control exists

Ultimate Holding Company	Deutsche Post AG, Germany
Holding Company	Blue Dart Express Limited

Name	Type	Place of Incorporation	Ownership Interest	
			March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Blue Dart Express Limited and its nominees	Holding Company	India	100%	100%

##### ii) Key Management Personnel

Ms. Tulsi Nowlakha Mirchandaney	Managing Director
Mr. Tushar K. Jani	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Clyde C Cooper	Non-Executive Director
Air Marshal M. McMahon (Retd.)	Independent Director
Air Marshal Vijay Achyut Patkar (Retd.)	Independent Director
Mr. Sharad Upasani	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Surendra Sheth	Alternate Director

##### iii) Entities under common control where transaction have taken place

Concorde Air Logistics Limited
DHL Express India Private Limited
European Air Transport, Leipzig GmbH
DHL Aviation (Netherlands) B.V.
DHL Logistics Private Limited
DHL Aviation EEMEA, Kingdom of Bahrain
DHL Worldwide Network NV/SA

##### iv) Entities in which a Director is interested, where transaction have taken place

Cargo Service Center India Private Limited
Delhi Cargo Service Center Private Limited
Mumbai Cargo Service Center Airport Private Limited

\*Key management personnel compensation

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>Name : Ms Tulsi Nowlakha Mirchandaney</b>		
Short-term employee benefits	233	279
Post-employment benefits	-	11
Other long-term benefits	17	16
<b>Total</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>306</b>

## SCHEDULES

Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

### B) TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES DURING THE YEAR:

	Year ended March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>NATURE OF TRANSACTIONS:</b>		
<b>i) With Blue Dart Express Limited</b>		
Express Air Charter Service Income (including service income accrued in advance)	(74,315)	(65,706)
Interest charges incurred on Term Loan	189	437
Interest charges incurred on Inter corporate Deposit	131	124
Courier charges incurred	30	26
Inter Corporate deposits accepted during the year	17,782	8,735
Inter Corporate deposits repaid during the year	(17,782)	(8,735)
Unsecured Term Loan repaid during the year	(1,903)	(2,441)
Purchase / (Sale) of Plant, property and equipment	-	12
<b>ii) Directors Sitting Fees</b>		
Mr. Tushar K. Jani	3	4
Mr. Clyde C Cooper	0	1
Air Marshal M. McMahon (Retd.)	4	5
Air Marshal Vijay Achyut Patkar (Retd.)	3	5
Mr. Surendra Sheth	1	3
Mr. Sharad Upasani	1	2
<b>iii) Entities under common control :</b>		
<b>(a) Concorde Air Logistics Limited:</b>		
Clearing and Forwarding charges	151	91
Agency charges incurred for customs clearing	14	11
<b>(b) With DHL Express India Private Limited</b>		
Business support services income	(894)	(869)
Other income	(98)	(79)
Courier charges incurred	503	326
Tax Functional Cost	15	11
Other Reimbursements (Expenses)	-	1
<b>(c) With European Air Transport, Leipzig GmbH</b>		
Expenses towards Aircraft spares /Repairs	45	18
<b>(d) With DHL Aviation (Netherlands) B.V.</b>		
Aircraft Dry Lease	7,750	7,187
Technical Services	17	15
<b>(e) With DHL Aviation EEMEA, Kingdom of Bahrain</b>		
Received towards Sale of Aircraft parts	(0)	(3)
<b>(f) With DHL Logistics Private Limited</b>		
Freight Charges	60	26
<b>(g) With Delhi Cargo Service Centre Pvt., Ltd.,</b>		
Rent	775	-

## SCHEDULES

Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

	Year ended March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
Civil Work	44	-
Electricity /Water/De stuffing charges	115	-
Interline Expenses	-	6
<b>(h) With Cargo Service Centre India Pvt., Ltd.,</b>		
Interline Expenses	12	6
<b>(i) With DHL Worldwide Network NV/SA</b>		
Reimburshment of Freight charges	-	15
AMC charges for Engineering & Maintenance ERP	42	38
<b>(j) DHL ECOMMERCE (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD</b>		
Re-imbursement of go getter award expenses	4	-
<b>(k) Mumbai Cargo Service Center Airport Private Limited</b>		
Cargo handling charges	31	-
<b>C) RELATED PARTY BALANCES:</b>		
(i) Receivable/(Payable) from/to subsidiary/Fellow Subsidiaries Company		
<b>a) Blue Dart Express Limited</b>		
Aircraft Payload Deposit (including service income accrued in advance)	(2,150)	(2,150)
Account payable	(5)	(4)
Account Receivable(net)	1,838	216
Outstanding Unsecured Term Loan	(1,092)	(2,996)
<b>b) DHL Express India Private Limited</b>		
Outstanding Security Deposit (refer note 17 & 22)	(798)	(948)
Receivables towards Other operating income(net)	186	98
Payable towards freight charges	(31)	(18)
<b>c) DHL Aviation (Netherlands) B.V.</b>		
Payable towards Aircraft Dry Lease charges	(624)	(2,440)
<b>d) Concorde Air Logistics Limited</b>		
Payable	(1)	(13)
<b>e) Cargo Service Center India Private Limited</b>		
Payable towards Interline	(1)	-
<b>f) Delhi Cargo Service Center Private Limited</b>		
Security Deposit	1,314	1,314
Payable towards Interline	(8)	(1)
<b>g) European Air Transport, Leipzig GmbH</b>		
Payable towards Aircraft spares/Repairs	(1)	-
<b>h) Mumbai Cargo Service Center Airport Private Limited</b>		
Payable towards cargo handling charges	(9)	-
<b>i) Payable to Key Management Personnel</b>		
Ms. Tulsi Nowlakha Mirchandaney	72	125

## SCHEDULES

### Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

#### D) Notes:

- i) The terms and conditions of transactions with related parties were no more favorable than those available, or which might be expected to be available, in similar transactions with non related parties on an arm's length basis. All balances outstanding with related parties are unsecured.

### 34 DUES TO MICRO AND SMALL ENTERPRISES

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	263	39
Interest due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	Nil	Nil
Principal amounts paid to suppliers registered under the 'MSMED Act beyond the appointed day during the year	Nil	Nil
Interest paid, other than under Section 16 of MSMED Act 'to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act beyond the appointed day during the period	Nil	Nil
Interest paid, under Section 16 of MSMED Act to suppliers 'registered under the MSMED Act beyond the appointed day during the period	Nil	Nil
Interest due and payable towards suppliers registered 'under MSMED Act for payments already made	Nil	Nil
Further interest remaining due and payable for earlier years	Nil	Nil

The above information regarding Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises given in Note 21 - Trade Payables has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

### 35 COMMITMENTS

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>i) CAPITAL COMMITMENTS</b>		
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Capital account and not provided for (net of advances)	1,540	7,783

#### ii) OPERATING LEASES [Refer Note 3(h)]

The Company has entered into various non-cancellable operating lease agreements for acquiring aircrafts, aircraft engine and premises. These lease agreements are for a period of 1 to 15 years. Future minimum lease rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>Operating Lease – Aircraft / Aircraft Engines</b>		
<b>Period</b>		
Upto one year	6,903	7,776
One to five years	21,091	23,600
Above five years	11,712	17,739
<b>Charge for the year</b>	<b>8,458</b>	<b>8,013</b>

## SCHEDULES

### Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
<b>Operating Lease – Leasehold Land and Premises</b>		
<b>Period</b>		
Upto one year	4,979	3,332
One to five years	16,775	13,040
Above five years	24,604	25,842
<b>Charge for the year</b>	<b>5,455</b>	<b>4,647</b>

Company has entered into various cancellable leasing arrangements for motor cars, office equipment's and official premises. The lease rentals for motor cars is ₹ 96 lakhs [March 31, 2018 ₹ 85 lakhs], the same has been included under the head "Employee Benefits Expense - Salaries, Wages and Bonus" under note 27 forming part of the Statement of Profit and Loss. Lease rentals for office equipment's of ₹ 55 lakhs [March 31, 2018 ₹ 53 lakhs] has been included under the head "Other Expenses - Lease and Hire charges" (refer Note 30).

### 36 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – FAIR VALUES AND RISK MANAGEMENT

#### A Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

in ₹ Lakhs					
Carrying amount					
March 31, 2019	Note No.	FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised Cost	Total
<b>Financial assets</b>					
(i) Trade receivables (Refer Note 1 below)	10	-	-	2,044	2,044
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents (Refer Note 1 below)	11	-	-	83	83
(iii) Others financial assets (Refer Note 2 below)	5 and 12	-	-	1,315	1,315
		-	-	<b>3,442</b>	<b>3,442</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>					
(i) Borrowings (Refer Note 3 below)	16, 20 and 22	-	-	43,592	43,592
(ii) Trade payables (Refer Note 1 below)	21	-	-	6,568	6,568
(iii) Other financial liabilities (Refer Note 1 below)	17 and 22	-	-	3,813	3,813
		-	-	<b>53,973</b>	<b>53,973</b>

Carrying amount					
March 31, 2018	Note No.	FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised Cost	Total
<b>Financial assets</b>					
(i) Trade receivables (Refer Note 1 below)	10	-	-	437	437
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents (Refer Note 1 below)	11	-	-	33	33
(iii) Others financial assets (Refer Note 2 below)	5 and 12	-	-	1,234	1,234
		-	-	<b>1,704</b>	<b>1,704</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>					
(i) Borrowings (Refer Note 3 below)	16, 20 and 22	-	-	27,998	27,998
(ii) Trade payables (Refer Note 1 below)	21	-	-	6,838	6,838
(iii) Other financial liabilities (Refer Note 1 below)	17 and 22	-	-	3,694	3,694
		-	-	<b>38,530</b>	<b>38,530</b>

## SCHEDULES

### Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

**Note 1:** The carrying value of trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, trade payables, other financial liability are considered to be the same as their fair values due to their short term nature.

**Note 2:** Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of other financial assets measured at amortised cost is not significantly different in each of the year presented.

**Note 3:** Borrowings are taken at variable interest rate which is reviewed and reset periodically considering the market trend and hence the carrying amount is not materially different from their fair values.

### B Financial Risk management

#### i. Risk management framework

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's primary risk management focus is to minimize potential adverse effects of market risk on its financial performance. The Company's risk management assessment and policies and processes are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor such risks and compliance with the policies and processes. Risk assessment and management policies and processes are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Board of Directors and the management is responsible for overseeing the Company's risk assessment and management policies and processes.

#### ii. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Company does not have any financial assets that are past due but not impaired.

#### Trade and other receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The demographics of the customer, including the default risk of the industry and country in which the customer operates, also has an influence on credit risk assessment.

Summary of the Company's exposure to credit risk by age of the outstanding from various customers is as follows:

	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Neither past due nor impaired		
<b>Past due but not impaired</b>		
Past due 1-90 days	2,042	434
Past due 91-180 days	2	3
	<b>2,044</b>	<b>437</b>

Of the above total balances of ₹ 2044 lakhs, the related party balances is ₹ 2027 lakhs and the remaining is ₹ 17 lakhs.

#### Expected credit loss assessment for customers as at March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019

Exposures to customers outstanding at the end of each reporting period are reviewed by the Company to determine incurred and expected credit losses. As company's customer are its holding company and group company hence impairment of trade receivables do not reflect any significant credit losses. Given that the macro economic indicators affecting customers of the Company have not undergone any substantial change, the Company expects the historical trend of no credit losses. Further, management believes that the unimpaired amounts that are past due by more than 90 days are still collectible in full, based on historical payment behavior and extensive analysis of customer credit risk.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The Company held cash and cash equivalents with credit worthy banks and financial institutions of ₹ 81 Lakhs and ₹ 30 Lakhs as at March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 respectively. The credit worthiness of such banks and financial institutions is evaluated by the management on an ongoing basis and is considered to be good.

## SCHEDULES

### Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

#### Security deposits given to lessors

The Company has given security deposit to lessors for premises leased by the Company as at March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018. The credit worthiness of such lessors is evaluated by the management on an ongoing basis and is considered to be good.

#### iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risk to the Company's reputation.

As of March 31, 2019, the Company had working capital of ₹ (11174) lakhs including inventories of ₹ 2012 lakhs, cash and cash equivalents of ₹ 83 lakhs, trade receivables of ₹ 2044 lakhs, other current assets of ₹ 3511 lakhs, trade payables of ₹ 6568 lakhs, provisions for aircraft redelivery obligation ₹ 218 lakhs, employee benefit obligation of ₹ 438 lakhs and other current liabilities of ₹ 11600 lakhs.

As of March 31, 2018, the Company had working capital of ₹ (9219) lakhs including inventories of ₹ 1685 lakhs, cash and cash equivalents of ₹ 33 lakhs, trade receivables of ₹ 437 lakhs, other current assets of ₹ 1554 lakhs, borrowings of ₹ 252 lakhs, trade payables of ₹ 6838 lakhs, employee benefit obligation of ₹ 513 lakhs and other current liabilities of ₹ 5325 lakhs.

#### Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

in ₹ Lakhs

March 31, 2019	Contractual cash flows						
	Carrying amount	Total	2 months or less	2-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
<b>Non-derivative financial liabilities</b>							
Borrowings	43,592	43,592	-	8,592	25,417	9,583	-
Trade payables	6,568	6,568	6,568	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	3,813	3,813	-	3,165	150	498	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>53,973</b>	<b>53,973</b>	<b>6,568</b>	<b>11,757</b>	<b>25,567</b>	<b>10,081</b>	<b>-</b>

in ₹ Lakhs

March 31, 2018	Contractual cash flows						
	Carrying amount	Total	2 months or less	2-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
<b>Non-derivative financial liabilities</b>							
Borrowings	27,998	32,468	607	4,677	11,286	15,898	-
Trade payables	6,838	6,838	6,838	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	3,694	3,694	15	892	363	2,424	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>38,530</b>	<b>43,000</b>	<b>7,460</b>	<b>5,569</b>	<b>11,649</b>	<b>18,322</b>	<b>-</b>

#### iv Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from adverse changes in market rates and prices (such as interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates) or in the price of market risk-sensitive instruments as a result of such adverse changes in market rates and prices. Market risk is attributable to all market risk-sensitive financial instruments, all foreign currency receivables and payables and all short term and long-term debt. The Company is exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk and interest rate risk. Thus, the Company's exposure to market risk is a function of investing and borrowing activities and revenue generating and operating activities.

## SCHEDULES

### Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

#### a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates to deposits and borrowings from bank and financial institutions.

For details of the Company's short-term and long term loans and borrowings, including interest rate profiles, refer to Note 16 and Note 20 of these financial statements.

#### Interest rate sensitivity - variable rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased / decreased equity and profit or loss by amounts shown below. This analyses assumes that all other variables, in particular, foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant. This calculation also assumes that the change occurs at the balance sheet date and has been calculated based on risk exposures outstanding as at that date. The period end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the period.

	Profit or loss	
	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease
<b>As at March 31, 2019</b>		
Variable-rate instruments sensitivity	(436)	436
	<b>(436)</b>	<b>436</b>
<b>As at March 31, 2018</b>		
Variable-rate instruments sensitivity	(277)	277
	<b>(277)</b>	<b>277</b>

#### b) Currency risk

The fluctuation in foreign currency exchange rates may have potential impact on the profit and loss account and equity, where any transaction references more than one currency or where assets/liabilities are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity.

Considering the countries and economic environment in which the Company operates, its operations are subject to risks arising from fluctuations in exchange rates in those countries. The risks primarily relate to fluctuations in U.S. dollar and Euro, against the functional currency of the Company.

#### Exposure to currency risk

The summary quantitative data about the Company's exposure to currency risk as reported to the management of the Company is as follows:

	in ₹ Lakhs	
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Other receivables (in USD)	-	93
Trade payables (in GBP)	4	13
Trade payables (in USD)	3,374	2,647
Trade payables (in Euro)	520	2,147
<b>Net statement of financial position exposure</b>	<b>3,898</b>	<b>4,714</b>

## SCHEDULES

### Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

#### Sensitivity analysis

A 5% strengthening / weakening of the respective foreign currencies with respect to functional currency of Company would result in increase or decrease in profit or loss and equity as shown in table below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases. The following analysis has been worked out based on the exposures as of the date of statements of financial position.

Effect in ₹ Lakhs	Profit or loss	
	Strengthening	Weakening
<b>March 31, 2019</b>		
USD	(169)	169
EUR	(26)	26
	<b>(195)</b>	<b>195</b>

Effect in ₹ Lakhs	Profit or loss	
	Strengthening	Weakening
<b>March 31, 2018</b>		
USD	(132)	132
EUR	(107)	107
	<b>(239)</b>	<b>239</b>

(Note: The impact is indicated on the profit/loss and equity before tax basis)

### 37 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors the return on capital regularly.

The Company monitors capital using a ratio of 'adjusted net debt' to 'adjusted equity'. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total borrowings, comprising interest-bearing loans and borrowings and obligations under finance leases, less cash and cash equivalents. Adjusted equity comprises all components of equity.

The Company's adjusted net debt to equity ratio at March 31, 2019 was as follows:

	As at March 31, 2019 in ₹ Lakhs	As at March 31, 2018 in ₹ Lakhs
Total external borrowings	43,592	27,998
Less : Cash and cash equivalent	83	33
Adjusted net debt	43,509	27,965
Total equity	5,201	4,962
Adjusted net debt to adjusted equity ratio	8.37	5.64

### 38 RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Ind AS 116 Leases was notified by MCA on March 30, 2019 and it replaces Ind AS 17 Leases, including appendices thereto. Ind AS 116 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after April 01, 2019. Ind AS 116 sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model similar to the accounting for finance leases under Ind AS 17. The standard includes two recognition exemptions for lessees – leases of 'low-value' assets (e.g., personal computers) and short-term leases (i.e., leases with a lease term of 12 months or less). At the commencement date of a lease, a lessee will recognise a liability to make lease payments (i.e., the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e., the right-of-use asset). Lessees will be required to separately recognise the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset.

## SCHEDULES

### Notes forming part of Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019

Lessees will be also required to remeasure the lease liability upon the occurrence of certain events (e.g., a change in the lease term, a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine those payments). The lessee will generally recognise the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

The Company intends to adopt this standard from April 01, 2019. The Company is in the process of evaluating the effect of revised accounting policy on its financial statements.

### 39 SURRENDER AND TRANSFER DEED

During the year, The Company entered in to Surrender and Transfer Deed and new Sub Lease agreement with Bangalore International Airport Limited ('BIAL') whereby Company surrendered the existing building / premises built on land taken on lease from BIAL in earlier periods and taken on lease new premises from BIAL at preferred rent. The net book value of premises surrendered Rs. 2,350 Lakhs has been reclassified from the fixed assets and has been classified under Other non assets amounting to Rs.2090 Lakhs & Other current assets amounting to Rs. 260 Lakhs as at March 31, 2019 representing the value of concession in rent to be received over the period of lease agreement.

### 40 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

#### Contribution to Provident Funds

On February 28, 2019, Honorable Supreme Court of India has passed the Judgment relating the allowances to be considered while determining the amount of contribution towards Provident Fund. Presently, there are numerous interpretative issues relating to the judgement. Based on the opinions taken by the Company from its Legal consultants on the retrospective applicability, the Company has not recognised any provision for the past periods in its financial statements as at March 31, 2019. However effective April 01, 2019 the Company has revised the Provident Fund contribution mechanism.

### 41 SEGMENT INFORMATION

Based on the "management approach" as defined in Ind AS 108, the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) comprises of Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer evaluates the Company's performance and reviews the segment business. The Company is primarily engaged in a single segment business to operate aircraft and provide aircraft maintenance services within India for the business of integrated air and ground transportation and distribution of time-sensitive packages of Blue Dart Express Limited. All assets of the Company are domiciled in India and the Company earns entire revenue from its operations in India. Revenue of Rs.74,315 lakhs (March 31, 2018: Rs. 65,706 lakhs) is derived from the holding company.

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**For S.R.Batlboi & Associates LLP**

ICAI Firm registration number: 101049W/E300004  
Chartered Accountants

**per Govind Ahuja**

Partner  
Membership No. 048966

Place: Mumbai  
Date: May 16, 2019

**Tushar K. Jani**

Chairman  
DIN:00192621

**Air Marshal M . McMahon (Retd.,)**

Director  
DIN:00234293

**N. Palaniappan**

Company Secretary &  
General Manager-Finance

Place: Mumbai  
Date: May 16, 2019

**Tulsi Nowlakha Mirchandaney**

Managing Director  
DIN:01842520

**Sharad Upasani**

Director  
DIN:01739334

**P. Parameshwaran**

Chief Financial Officer

**Clyde C. Cooper**

Director  
DIN: 00382001

**Air Marshal Vijay Achyut Patkar (Retd.,)**

Director  
DIN:07037116